

## Pharmacy Prior Authorization Form

Fax completed form to: 877.974.4411 toll free, or 616.942.8206

This form applies to: ☐ Commercial (Traditional) ☐ Commercial (Individual/Optimized)

☒ **Medicaid**

This request is: ☐ **Urgent** (life threatening) ☐ **Non-Urgent** (standard review)

Urgent means the standard review time may seriously jeopardize the life or health of the patient or the patient's ability to regain maximum function.

## Tecfidera (dimethyl fumarate)

### Member

Last Name: \_\_\_\_\_

First Name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID #: \_\_\_\_\_

DOB: \_\_\_\_\_ Gender: \_\_\_\_\_

Primary Care Physician: \_\_\_\_\_

Requesting Provider: \_\_\_\_\_

Prov. Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Prov. Fax: \_\_\_\_\_

Provider Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Provider NPI: \_\_\_\_\_

Contact Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Provider Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Product Information

☐ New request ☐ Continuation request

Drug product: ☐ Tecfidera 120 mg capsule

Start date (or date of next dose): \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Tecfidera 240 mg capsule

Dose Requested: \_\_\_\_\_

### Precertification Requirements

**Before this drug is covered, the patient must meet all of the following requirements:**

1. Must be greater than 18 years of age
2. Diagnosis of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), secondary-progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) with relapses, or progressive-relapsing multiple sclerosis (PRMS), defined by the McDonald criteria
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a board-certified neurologist or multiple sclerosis physician specialist with experience prescribing MS therapy
4. Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score between 0 and 5 (disability severe enough to impair full daily activities) **OR** documentation supporting the disability within this range
5. Documented inadequate response (at least 6 months of therapy) to non-interferon, glatiramer acetate (Copaxone), defined as meeting **TWO** of the following three criteria during treatment:
  - a. Increase in frequency (at least two clinical relapses within the past 12 months), severity and/or sequelae of relapses
  - b. Changes in MRI: continues to have CNS lesion progression as measured by MRI (increased number or volume of gadolinium-enhancing lesions, T2 hyperintense lesions and/or T1 hypointense lesions)
  - c. Increase in disability progression: Sustained worsening of EDSS score, routine neurological observation, mobility, or ability to perform activities of daily living
6. Patient will not be using a disease-modifying agent for MS at the same time as Tecfidera

**NOTE:** "Needle phobia" or "needle fatigue" is not considered an intolerance or contraindication to the first-line disease-modifying therapies (DMT's)

**Note:** Authorization for indications, dosing, or a route of administration not approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or recognized in CMS-accepted compendia (e.g. DrugDex, AHFS, U.S. Pharmacopeia, and also Clinical Pharmacology for oncology indications only) require supporting evidence for coverage. Please provide two published peer-reviewed literature articles supporting the appropriateness of the drug, the dosing of the drug, or the route of administration to be used for the identified indication.

## Priority Health Precertification Documentation

### A. What condition is this drug being requested for?

- ☐ Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)  
☐ Secondary-progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)  
☐ Progressive-relapsing multiple sclerosis (PRMS)  
☐ Other – the patient's condition is: \_\_\_\_\_

Rationale for use: \_\_\_\_\_

### B. Was Tecfidera prescribed by or in consultation with a board-certified neurologist or multiple sclerosis physician specialist with experience prescribing MS therapy

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No

### C. Has the patient tried Copaxone (glatiramer acetate)?

☐ Yes. Duration of use: \_\_\_\_\_

☐ No. Rationale for use of Tecfidera: \_\_\_\_\_

### D. Which of the following describes the response to Copaxone (glatiramer acetate) (2 of the 3 must be met)?

- ☐ Increase in frequency (at least two clinical relapses within the past 12 months), severity and/or sequelae of relapses  
☐ Changes in MRI: continues to have CNS lesion progression as measured by MRI (increased number or volume of gadolinium-enhancing lesions, T2 hyperintense lesions and/or T1 hypointense lesions)  
☐ Increase in disability progression: Sustained worsening of EDSS score, routine neurological observation, mobility, or ability to perform activities of daily living

**NOTE:** "Needle phobia" or "needle fatigue" is not considered an intolerance or contraindication to the first-line disease-modifying therapies (DMT's)

### E. What is the patients Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score?

- ☐ 0-5 (disability severe enough to impair full daily activities) **OR** documentation supporting the disability within this range.  
☐ Other – Rationale for use: \_\_\_\_\_

### F. Will the patient be treated with another disease-modifying agent for MS at the same time as Tecfidera?

- ☐ Yes. Rationale for use: \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ No