

Priority Health Medicare prior authorization form

Fax completed form to: 877.974.4411 toll free, or 616.942.8206

This form applies to: This request is: Medicare Part B
 Expedited request

Medicare Part D
Standard request

Your request will be expedited if you haven't gotten the prescription and Priority Health Medicare determines, or your prescriber tells us, that your life or health may be at risk by waiting.

Soliris[®] (eculizumab)

Member				
Last Name:		First Name:		
ID #:		DOB:	Gender:	
Primary Care Physician:				
Requesting Provider:		Prov. Phone:	Prov. Fax:	
Provider Address:				
Provider Signature:		Date:		
Product and Billing	g Information			
New Request	ontinuation Request			
Drug product:	☐ Soliris 300 mg/30 mL vial	Start date (or date of next dose):		
		Date of last dose (if applicable):		
		Date of next dose (if applicable): Dose: Dose Frequency:		
Place of administration:	Physician's office			
	Outpatient infusion			
	Facility:	NPI:	Fax:	
	Home infusion			
	Agency:	NPI:	Fax:	
Billing:	Physician to buy and bill			
	Facility to buy and bill			
	Specialty Pharmacy			
	Pharmacy:	NPI:	Fax:	
ICD-10 Diagnosis code	(s):			

Drug cost information

The wholesale acquisition cost for each 1 mL (10 mg) of Soliris is \$203.70. The annual cost of treatment with this drug will vary depending on the patient's circumstances, but may cost more than \$482,000 (PHN) to \$663,000 (aHUS).

Precertification Requirements

The following requirements need to be met before this drug is covered by Priority Health Medicare. These requirements have been approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), but you may ask us for an exception if you believe one or more of these requirements should be waived.

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- 1. Diagnosis of paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
 - Flow cytometric confirmation of at least 10% granulocyte clone cells
 - Or have symptoms of thromboembolic complications (abdominal pain, shortness of breath, chest pain, end organ damage)
 - Must have received meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks before starting treatment
- 2. Diagnosis of atypical (complement-mediated) hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS)
 - Must have a chronic need for plasma exchange, plasma infusion, or chronic dialysis
 - Must have received plasma exchange or plasma infusion within 2 weeks of starting Soliris
 - Must have received meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks before starting treatment

Medically accepted indication

This drug is only covered under Medicare Part D when it is used for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is *either*.

- approved by the Food and Drug Administration. (That is, the Food and Drug Administration has approved the drug for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.)
- *or* supported by certain reference books. (These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, the DRUGDEX Information System, and the USPDI or its successor.)

Priority Health Precertification Documentation

A. What condition is this drug being requested for?

- paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
- atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS)
- Other the patient's condition is:

B. Which of the following criteria does the patient meet?

Patient has received (or will receive) the meningococcal vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to starting Soliris

For PNH, which of the following apply to the patient?

Flow cytometric confirmation of at least 10% granulocyte clone cells When was date of last meningitis vaccination:

For aHUS, which of the following apply to the patient?

Has a chronic need for plasma exchange, plasma infusion, or chronic dialysis

Received plasma exchange or plasma infusion within 2 weeks of starting Soliris

When was date of last meningitis vaccination:

Priority Health Medicare exception request

Do you believe one or more of the prior authorization requirements should be waived? Yes	🗌 No
If yes, you must provide a statement explaining the medical reason why the exception should be approve	ed.

Would Soliris likely be the most effective option for this patient?

Yes No
If yes, please explain why: ______

If the patient is currently using Soliris, would changing the patient's current regimen likely result in adverse effects for the patient?

Yes No

If yes, please explain: _____