

Medicare Part B vs. Part D determination form

Fax completed form to: 877.974.4411 toll free, or 616.942.8206 Medicare Part D This form applies to: This request is: ☐ **Urgent** (life threatening) ☐ **Non-Urgent** (standard review) Urgent means the standard review time may seriously jeopardize the life or health of the patient or the patient's ability to regain maximum function. **Ondansetron oral** Member First Name: Last Name: DOB: _____ Gender: ____ Primary Care Physician: Prov. Phone: Prov. Fax: Requesting Provider: Provider Address: Provider NPI: Contact Name: Provider Signature: _____ **Drug information** ☐ New request ☐ Continuation request Start date (or date of next dose): Date of last dose (if applicable): Dosing frequency: _____ **Drug product:** ondansetron 4 mg tablet ondansetron 4 mg ODT ondansetron 8 mg tablet ondansetron 8 mg ODT ondansetron 24 mg tablet ondansetron oral solution Part B vs. Part D Coverage Determination Criteria This drug requires prior authorization because it may be covered differently under Medicare Part B (medical benefit) or Part D (prescription drug benefit) depending on the patient's circumstances. To determine which benefit the drug is covered under, Priority Health needs to know the use and setting of this drug.

For this drug to be covered under Medicare Part B, the patient must meet the following criteria:

- 1. Must be used for the prevention of chemotherapy-induced nausea and vomiting;
- 2. Must be administered within 2 hours of chemotherapy and continued no more than 48 hours after chemotherapy; and
- Must be used as a full therapeutic replacement for intravenous (IV) anti-emetic drugs that would have otherwise been administered at the time of chemotherapy.

For this drug to be covered under Medicare Part D, the patient must meet the following criteria:

- Must not meet criteria for Medicare Part B coverage (see above)
- 2. Must be used for a medically accepted indication*



Medically accepted indication*

This drug is only covered under Medicare Part D when it is used for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is *either*:

- approved by the Food and Drug Administration. (That is, the Food and Drug Administration has approved the drug for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.)
- or supported by certain reference books. (These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, DRUGDEX Information System, and Lexi-Drugs)

Pri	Priority Health Precertification Documentation		
A.	What condition is this drug being requested for? □ Prevention of chemotherapy-induced nausea and vomiting		
	1.	Will oral ondansetron be administered within 2 hours of chemotherapy? Yes No	
	2.	Will oral ondansetron be continued for more than 48 hours after chemotherapy? Yes No	
	3.	Will oral ondansetron be used as a full therapeutic replacement for IV anti-emetic drugs that would have otherwise been administered at the time of chemotherapy? Yes No	
	Nausea and/or vomiting (not chemotherapy induced) Irritable bowel syndrome with diarrhea Diabetic autonomic diarrhea Bulimia nervosa Pruritus Fatigue caused by chronic liver disease Gilles de la Tourette's syndrome Nausea and vertigo caused by multiple sclerosis Cerebellar tremor caused by multiple sclerosis, cerebellar degeneration, or drug toxicity Adjunctive therapy in treating psychotic disorders Carcinoid syndrome-associated diarrhea, severe, refractory Prevention of postanesthesia shivering (PAS) Schizophrenia in patients also taking haloperidol Tardive dyskinesia Hyperemesis gravidarum Pediatric gastroenteritis Panic disorder Propofol-induced injection pain		
		– the patient's condition is: htionale for Other use:	



Additional information

Note: Criteria are found in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15 (Covered Medical and Other Health Services), section 50.5.4 (Oral Anti-Nausea (Anti-Emetic) Drugs)

Priority Health Medicare Part D Exception Request (exceptions to the above criteria)
Do you believe one or more of the prior authorization requirements should be waived? Yes No If yes, you must provide a statement explaining the medical reason why the exception should be approved.
Would ondansetron oral likely be the most effective option for this patient? No Yes, because:
If the patient is currently using ondansetron oral, would changing the patient's current regimen likely result in adverse effects for the patient? No Yes, because: